

# REPRESENTING INTEGRATED BIOLOGICAL DOMAINS IN OWL

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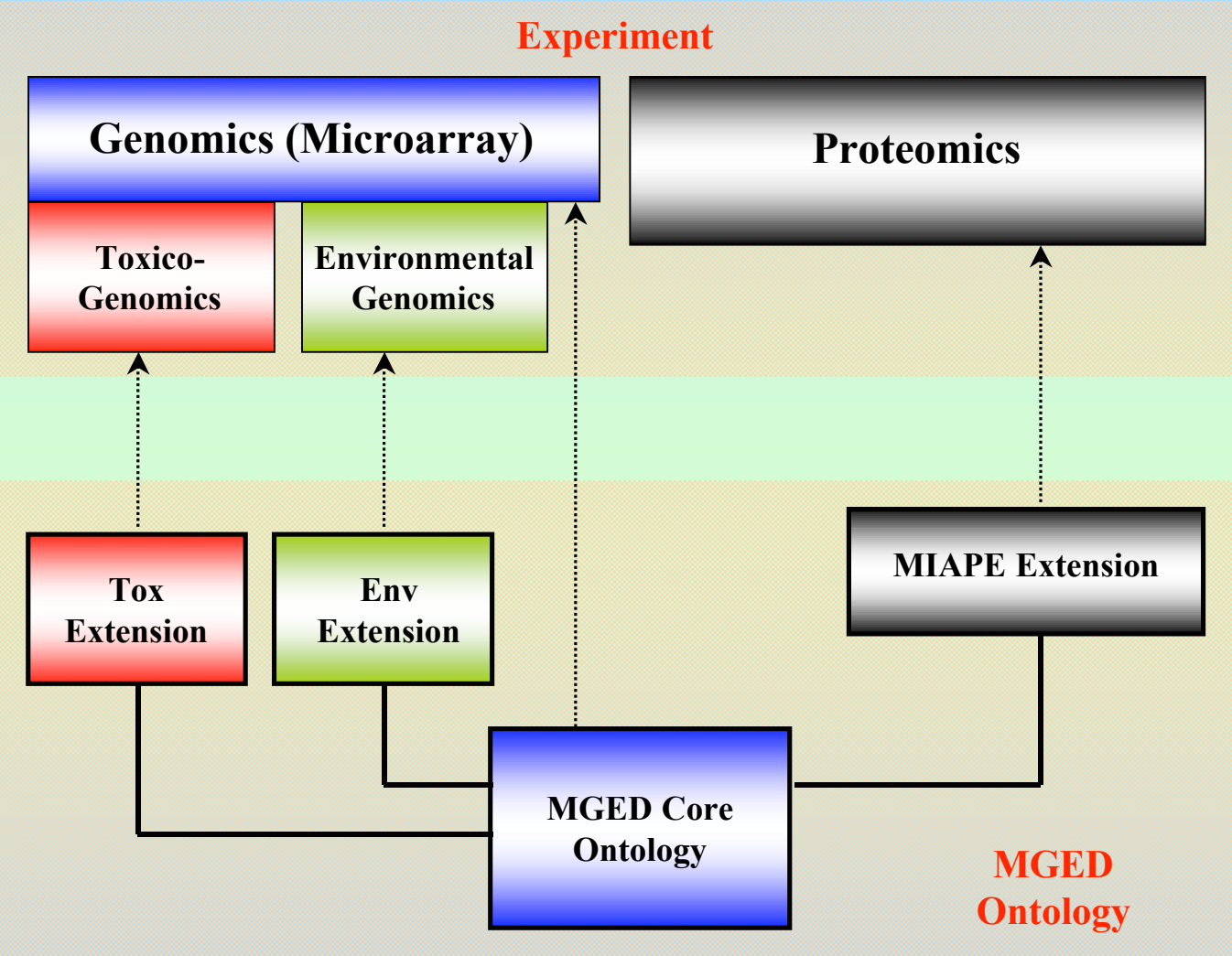
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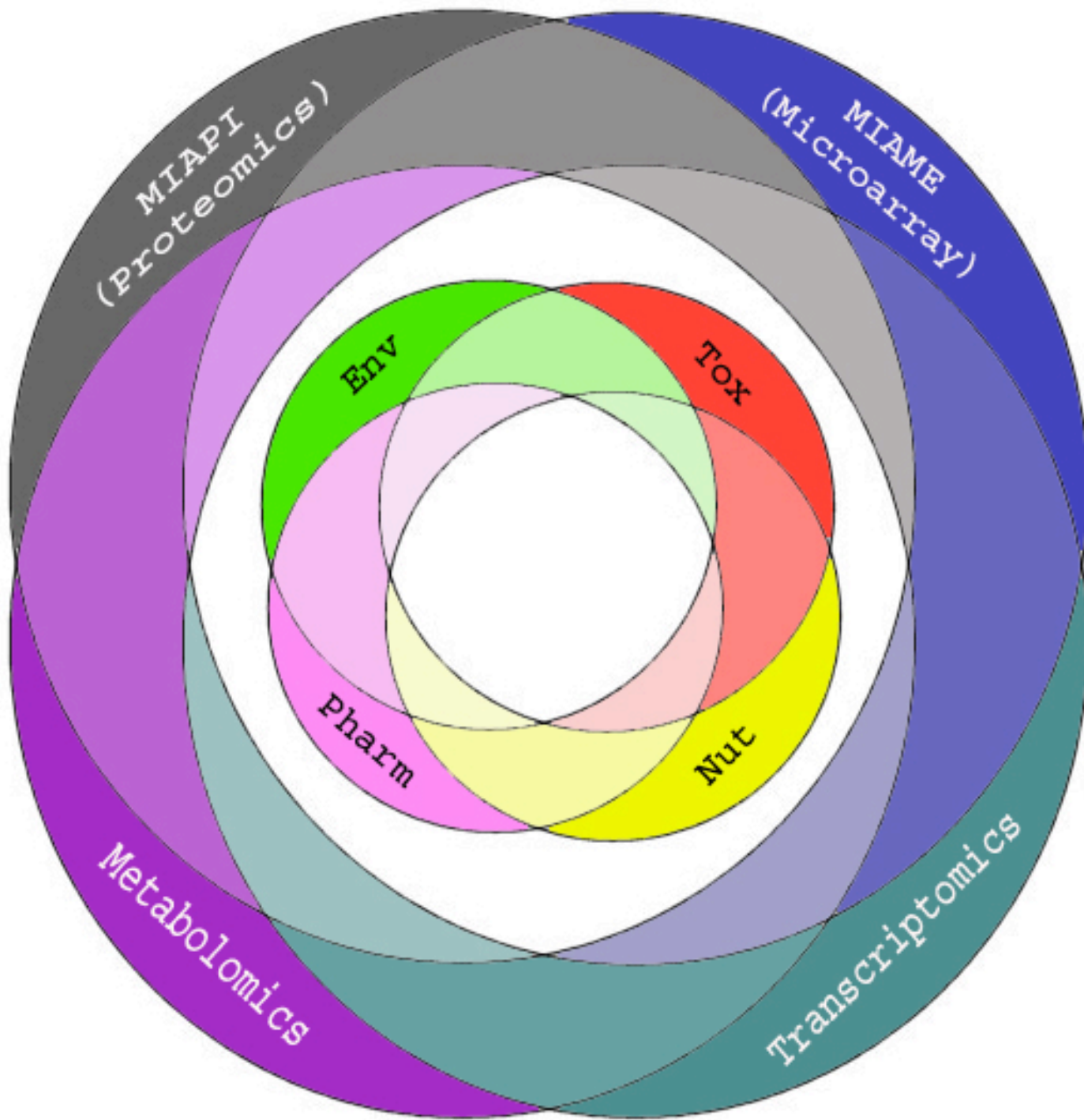
# Why is experiment metadata required?

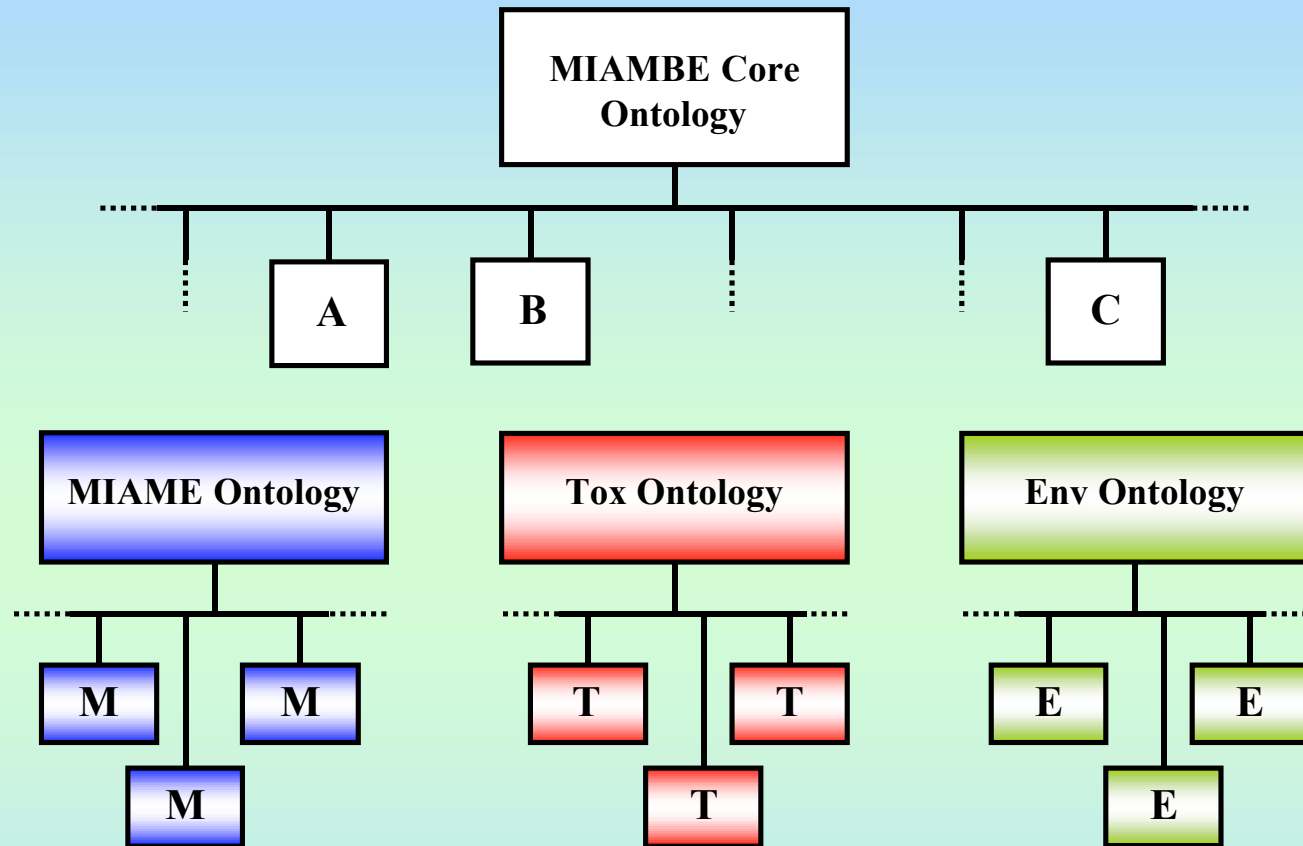
1. To verify whether an experiment has already been carried out.
2. To validate experiment results.
3. To replicate an experiment as a part of a wider investigation.

# Ontology Engineering

1. **Purpose** – MGED ontology is used to annotate MIAME.
2. **Available technologies and methods**
  - OWL
  - Machine Inference
  - Normalisation

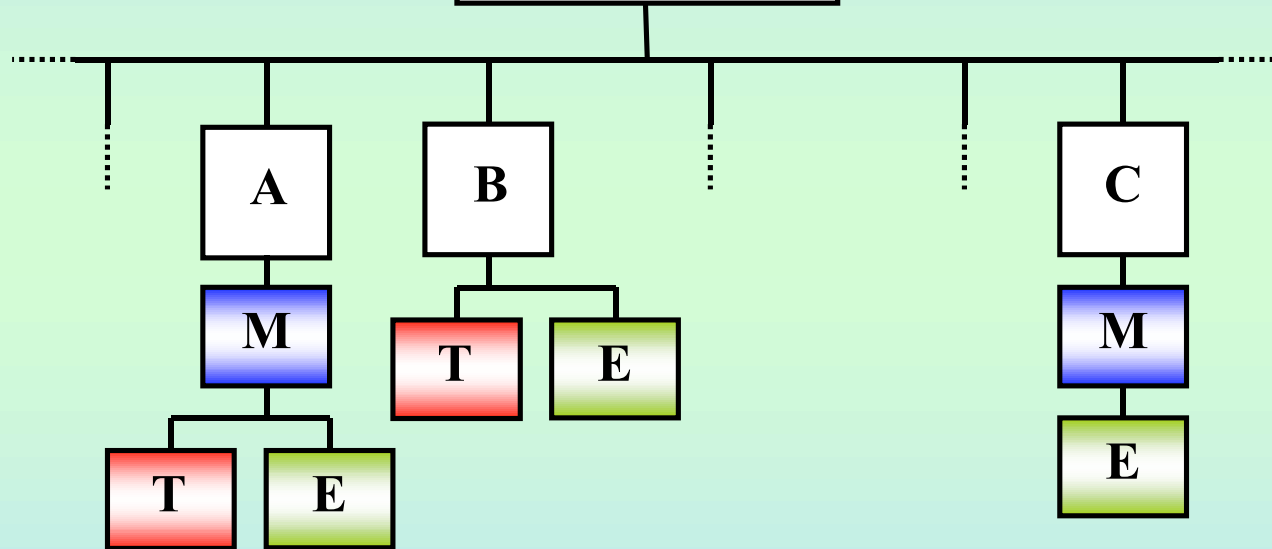






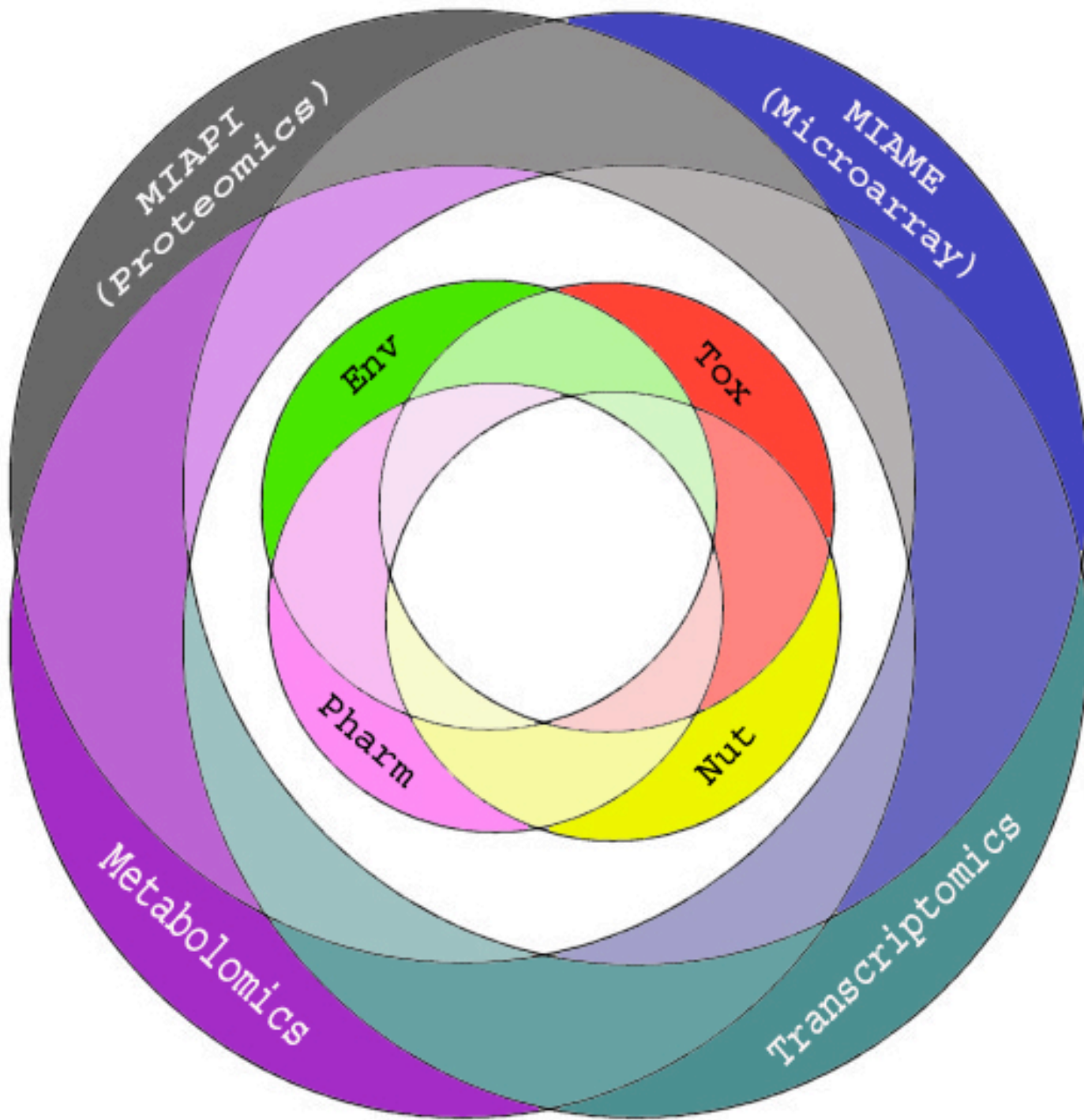
**Reasoning**

**MIAMBE Core  
Ontology**



## **Advantages of multiple OWL ontologies**

- Machine inference
- Standard ontology language
- Normalisation (A. Rector, 2003)
- User-centred design (RSBI)
- Clear conceptualisation for annotation tool authors
- Database harmonisation



# Future Tasks

- Develop experiment models with each community
- Build OWL ontologies (MIAMBE, MIAME, and Env)
- Create views of the ontologies in annotation tools (e.g. maxdLoad)

## **Evaluation:**

- Usability assessments
- Investigate the accuracy of experiment retrieval

## References

1. Rector, A.L. Modularisation of Domain Ontologies Implemented in Description Logics and Related Formalisms Including OWL. *K-CAP Second International Conference on Knowledge Capture*, Sanibel Island, Florida, USA, October 23-26 2003. Pinto, H.S., Staab, S. and Tempich.
2. DILIGENT: Towards a fine-grained methodology for DIstributed, Loosely-controlled and evolvInG Engineering of oNTologies.

## Acknowledgements

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